Shindaiwa®

OWNER'S AND OPERATOR'S MANUAL

DieselEngineGenerator DG60MI

Vertical, Water-Cooled 4-Cycle Diesel Engine



Do not operate the Generator, or any other appliance, before you have read and understood the instructions for use and keep near for ready use.

> DG60MI-400 X750-028 25 0 X750801-710 0

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing this Shindaiwa soundproof diesel engine generator.

- This manual has been created to ensure safe usage of this generator. Be sure to read this manual before operation. Improper operation/handling of this generator will result in an accident or malfunction.
- Handling/Operation of this generator can only be performed by persons who understand the contents of this manual and can handle/operate the generator in a safe manner. Persons who suffer from an illness, are taking medicine or not feeling way such that safe operation would be negatively affected must not operate this generator.
- Work performed using this generator and handling/operation of this generator must be in accordance with corresponding laws and regulations based on such laws. Consult with the authorized distributor where this generator was purchased if you have any inquiries regarding the corresponding laws.
- Always be sure to include this manual when loaning out this generator and instruct operating personnel to read this manual before operation.
- Store this manual in a specified location where it will be secure and available for consulting at any time. Order another copy from the authorized distributor where this generator was purchased if this manual becomes dusty, grimy or torn.
- Consult with the authorized distributor where this generator was purchased if you have any inquiries regarding any points related to this generator and manual. When inquiring about this generator, be sure to provide the model name and serial number.
- If disposing of this generator, do so in a manner that is in compliance with laws related to industrial waste. Contact the authorized distributor where the generator was purchased if you have any inquiries regarding proper disposal.
- Caution notice ranks in this manual are classified as follows.

WARNING : Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in death or serious injury
 CAUTION : Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in minor or moderate injury and property damage.

< Note > : Other types of cautions and indications.

• Note that **A CAUTION** items can also lead to major accidents under some circumstances if not correctly followed.

All caution notices are important. Be sure to follow all of them.

Table of Contents

1.	Safety Instructions2				
2.	Specifications5				
	2-1. Specifications				
	2-2. Ambient Conditions				
3.	Applications6				
4.	Part Names6				
	4-1. External View/Part Names6				
	4-2. Operation Panel Part Names8				
	4-3. Output Panel Part Names9				
5.	Equipment 10				
	5-1. Warning Indicators 10				
	5-2. Meters and Gauges 11				
	5-3. Fuel Piping Switch (3Way Fuel Valve)				
6.	Transporting/Installing15				
	6-1. Transport Procedures15				
	6-2. Installation Procedures				
7.	Load Connections 17				
	7-1. Load Cable Selection				
	7-2. Connecting Load Cables				
	7-3. Earth Leakage Relay and Grounding				
8.	Pre-Operation Inspection				
	8-1. Checking Engine Oil				
	8-2. Checking Coolant				
	8-3. Checking the Fan Belt				
	8-4. Checking the Fuel				
	8-5. Checking for Fuel, Oil and Coolant Leaks				
-	8-6. Checking the Battery				
9.	Operating Procedures				
	9-1. Initial Startup/Pre-Check				
	9-2. Procedures during Operation				
	9-3. Stopping Operation				
	9-4. Protective Functions				
	9-5. Connecting with External Fuel Tank				
	Long-Term Storage				
	Troubleshooting				
	Generator Circuit Diagram				
14.	Engine Electrical Circuit Diagram 43				

Safety Instructions

A WARNING : SUFFOCATION FROM EXHAUST FUME

- Do not operate the generator in poorly ventilated areas such as indoors or tunnels, as the exhaust gas of the engine contains substances that are harmful to human health.
- Do not direct exhaust fumes at pedestrians or buildings.



WARNING : ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Do not operate the equipment with any doors or covers open.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the load cables to from the output terminal, always turn the output circuit breakers to the OFF position, stop the engine, and remove the engine key.
- Close the output terminal cover before operating.
- Do not insert a pin, wire or other metal object into the electrical outlet.
- Do not touch the generator if the Alternator or casing becomes wet during operation.
- Do not touch output terminals or internal electric parts while the generator is operating.
- Ground the every earth grounding terminal to the earth as set out in the manual.
- If even one of all is unconnected by mistake or accident, it will be much more dangerous for human body than the NO-RELAY case, because leaking current inevitably goes through the body.
- Even though all the earth terminals of the loads have been grounded to the earth, the bonnet grounding terminal should be grounded to the earth.
- There is always a danger of being electrocuted by short-circuit. Be sure to test generator's insulation resistance periodically.
- Grounding should be made after the engine is stopped.
- Whenever the Earth leakage relay is activated, you should always repair the leaking place first of all.



A WARNING : INJURY 🎉 🍂 🧏

- Close all doors and lock them during operation.
- Close all doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.
- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.
- Use the lifting hook to lift the machines, and do not lift up the unit using tie-downs. Use of such could result in the generator falling.
- Do not lift any additional weight such as fuel tanks or trailers.
- No persons should be under a lifted generator.
- Before turning the circuit breaker to ON position, ensure that the breaker or the switch of loads are positioned to OFF.

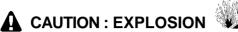
Operate the circuit breaker, well-communicating with the electrician by the load side.

A CAUTION : EYE/SKIN INJURY



 Wear rubber gloves and other protective wear to protect eyes, skin and clothing from the battery fluid which contains diluted sulfuric acid. If the battery fluid contacts eves or skin, wash out immediately with a sufficient amount of clean water. Be sure to receive medical treatment, especially if the fluid contacts the eyes.







- Never use or recharge the battery if the fluid level is below the minimum level.
- Do not create sparks or bring flame near the battery as it generates flammable gas.

CAUTION : FIRE



- Do not bring flammable items (such as fuel, gas and paint) or items that are highly combustible near the generator as the muffler, exhaust gas and other parts become extremely hot.
- Keep this generator 1m or more from walls or other hindrances, and on a level surface.
- Do not connect the generator output to indoor wiring.
- This generator uses diesel fuel. Always be sure to stop the engine and not bring flames close when inspecting fuel or refueling. Wait until the engine has cooled before performing such procedures.
- Do not use this equipment when leak is found, and repair the leaking location before operating.
- Always be sure to wipe up any spilled fuel or oil.
- Allow the generator to cool before covering with the protective cover.
- Never allow flame to come close to the generator.





- · Do not touch the engine and surrounding components immediately after stopping the equipment, while temperature can reach extremely high.
- Do not open the radiator cap immediately after stopping the engine, to avoid sustaining burns from hot vapor.
- Hot steam gushes out from the coolant sub-tank if the generator overheats. Do not touch the coolant sub-tank.
- Always be sure to stop the engine and allow the engine to cool when performing inspection or maintenance of engine oil. Opening the oil level indicator or oil filler cap during operation will result in hot oil cause personal injury.

CAUTION : INJURY

- Always be sure to use lifting hooks when moving the generator, and lift it slowly at a completely vertical angle.
- Personnel performing lifting work must wear protective gear such as helmets, safety shoes and gloves.
- Remove the wood ties if using anchors to secure the generator.
- Position the generator on a level stable surface so that it cannot slide or move in any manner.
- Before starting operation, always be sure to turn off all switches of equipment using the generator and all breakers to OFF.
- Do not move the generator during operation.
- Do not operate the generator if it has been modified or any parts have been removed.

A CAUTION : PROPERTY DAMAGE

- If using this generator for medical equipment, check before use with the medical equipment manufacturer, doctor, hospital or similar entity.
- Check that the generator output setting, output terminal connection and load power source are consistent.
- Cable burnout can occur due to generated heat if the load current exceeds the allowable current of the cable.
- The voltage drop between cables is large if the cable is excessively long or thin, resulting in decreased input voltage to equipment using the generator, thereby causing decreased performance, faulty operation and malfunction.

Warning/Caution Label Locations

If warning or caution labels become damaged and difficult to read, replace with new labels in the indicated locations. Order labels using part number indicated in the parenthesis.

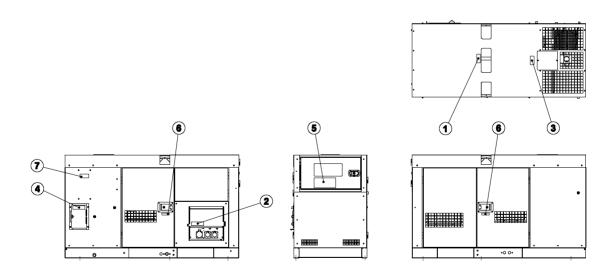
Injury (Part no. :
 Electric shock (Part no. :
 Caution: gm spec LLC (Part no. :

④ Caution: fire

- ⑤ Caution
- 6 Injury

⑦ Burn

(Part no. : X505-007550) (Part no. : X505-007560) (Part no. : X505-007840) (Part no. : X505-007650) (Part no. : X505-007630) (Part no. : X505-007630) (Part no. : X505-007830)



2. Specifications

2-1. Specifications

	Model	Unit	DG60	MI-400
	Generating Type		Rotating Filed, Br	ushless 3-Phase
		-	Synchronous Alternator	
	Rated Frequency	Hz	50	60
	Rated Output	kVA	50	60
		kW	40	48
<u>5</u>	Rated Voltage	V	400 [200] *1	440 [220] *1
nat	Rated Current	A	72 [144] *1	78.5 [157] *1
Alternator	3-Phase Receptacle Output	kVA	22.2/	23.0
A	1-Phase Receptacle Output	kW	3.5x2/	′3.6x2
	Winding	-	3-phase	e, 4-wire
	Power factor	%	3-phase 80,	
	Insulation class	-	F	
	Excitation	-	Self-Excitatio	n(Brushless)
	No. of poles	-	4	1
	Types	-	Vertical Water-cooled	4-cycle Diesel Engine
	Model (Manufacturer)	-	4BG1T	(ISUZU)
	No. of Cylinders (bore x stroke)	mm	4 (105 X 125)	
	Continuous rated output	kW	48.3	57.8
		PS	65.7	78.6
	Rated speed	min ⁻¹	1500	1800
	Displacement	L	4.3	29
	Combustion system	-	Direct Fuel Injection	with Turbo Charger
ne	Cooling method	-	Rad	iator
Engine	Lubricating method	-	Forced lu	Ibrication
ш	Starting method	-	Electri	
	Fuel	-	Diesel Fuel (A	STM No. 2-D)
	Lubricant oil	-	CD o	class
	Fuel tank capacity	L	12	25
	Lubricant volume (Full)	L	13	.2
	Cooling water volume	L	15	.4
	Starting motor capacity	V-kW	12 -	- 2.5
	Charging dynamo capacity	V-A	12 -	· 35
	Battery	-	95D	31R
	Length	mm	20	90
Lt.	Width	mm	88	30
Unit	Height	mm	12	40
	Dry Weight	kg	11	80
	Installed Weight	kg	13	15

*1:The values in brackets are optional data, when modified to 200/220V by the dealers only. As default 3-phase output is set at 400/440V, contact your authorized distributor to adjust the terminal lug setting if necessary to obtain 200/220V for 3-phase output.

2-2. Ambient Conditions

Use this generator in ambient conditions as described below. Failure to provide these conditions can result in problems such as malfunction, insufficient output and reduced durability.

- Ambient temperature: -15 to 40 degree Celsius
- Relative humidity:
- 80% or less Elevation: 300 m or less

3. **Applications**

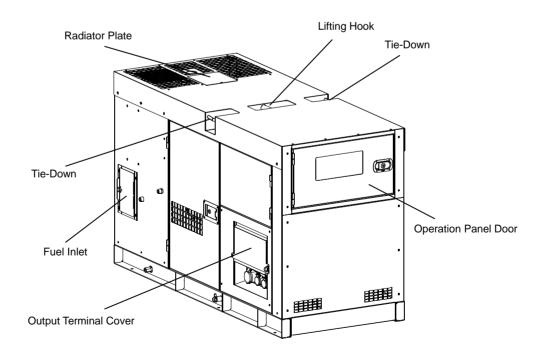
- · Power source for submerged pumps and similar civil engineering equipment
- Power source for lighting and similar equipment
- Power source for electrical tools and household appliances

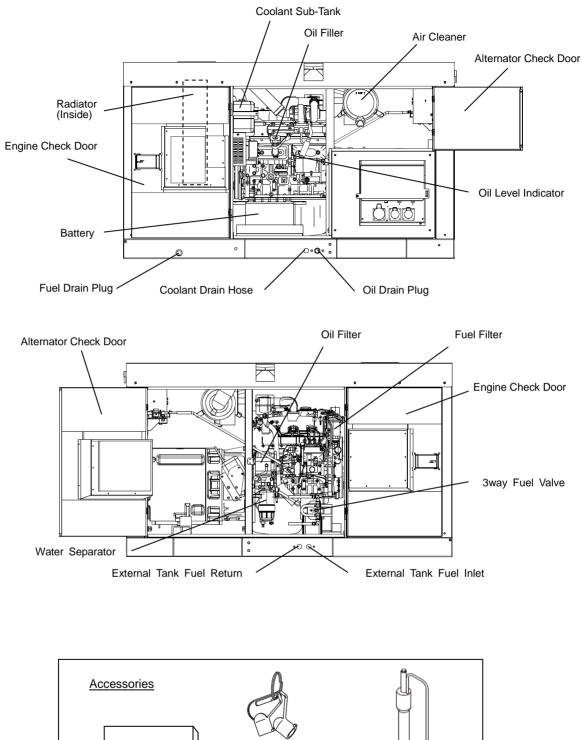
CAUTION : PROPERTY/SECONDARY DAMAGE

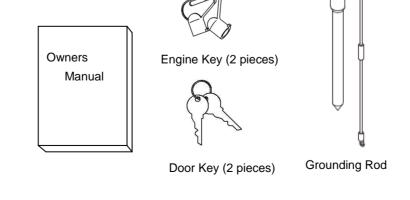
- Do not use for any application other than those listed above.
- If using this generator for medical equipment, check before use with the medical equipment manufacturer, doctor, hospital or similar entity.

Part Names 4.

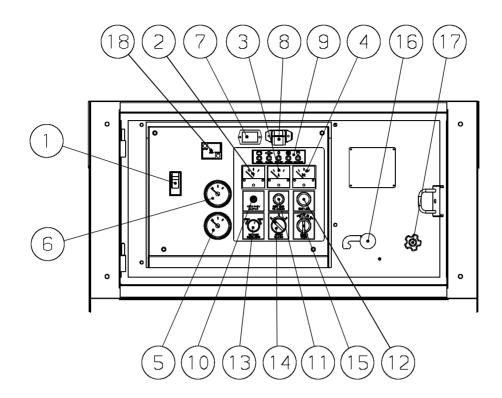
4-1. External View/Part Names





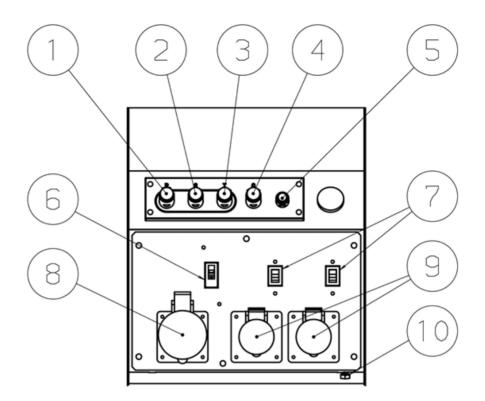


4-2. Operation Panel Part Names



1	Circuit Breaker	1	Over Load Pre-caution Lamp
2	Voltmeter	12	Preheat Lamp
3	Ammeter	13	Voltage Regulator
4	Frequency Meter	14	Ammeter Selector Switch
(5)	Water Temperature Gauge	15	Starter Switch
6	Fuel Gauge	16	Throttle Lever
\bigcirc	Hour Meter	1	Frequency Adjust Screw
8	Pilot Lamp	18	Earth Leakage Relay
9	Warning Indicators		
10	400/440V Output Lamp		

4-3. Output Panel Part Names



1	3-Phase Output Terminal "R"	6	3-Phase Breaker (32A)
2	3-Phase Output Terminal "S"	\bigcirc	1-Phase Breaker (15A)
3	3-Phase Output Terminal "T"	8	3-Phase Receptacle
4	3-Phase Output Terminal "O"	9	1-Phase Receptacle
(5)	Earth Leakage Terminal	10	Bonnet Grounding Terminal

5. Equipment

5-1. Warning Indicators

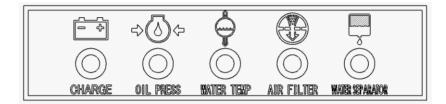
🛕 WARNING : INJURY 🎉 🏅



- Close all doors and place locks during operation, to avoid injuries by unintentionally contact with moving parts such as the cooling fan and fan belt.
- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

A CAUTION : BURNS

• Do not touch the engine and surrounding components immediately after stopping the equipment, while temperature can reach extremely high.



This generator is equipped with the following warning indicators: CHARGE (battery charge), OIL PRESS (engine oil pressure), WATER TEMP (coolant temperature), AIR FILTER (air cleaner clogging), and WATER SEPARATOR (water separator amount). An indicator lights up if a malfunction/fault occurs during operation and the engine automatically stops depending on the fault type. If the equipment is normal, the CHARGE and OIL PERSS warning indicators light up when the starter switch is switched from STOP to RUN, and all warning indicators turn off when the engine is started.

(1)WATER TEMP (Coolant Temperature) Warning Indicator (High Water Temp.)

A CAUTION: BURNS

- Do not open the radiator cap immediately after stopping the engine. Do so will result in hot steam gushing out.
- Hot steam gushes out from the coolant sub-tank if the generator overheats. Do not touch the coolant sub-tank.

If the coolant temperature rises above 105 °C during operation, the WATER TEMP and ENGINE warning indicators light up, and the engine automatically stops. If this occurs, hot steam will gush out of the coolant sub-tank. Check the coolant sub-tank coolant level after the generator cools and add coolant to the coolant sub-tank if it is insufficient. (Refer to section ***8-2. Checking Coolant***.) If the coolant is at the specified amount, it is probable that the fan belt is loose or there is a coolant leak. Wait for the engine to cool and inspect for these problems.

< Note>

• The coolant temperature cannot be detected if the coolant level is excessively low. Always be sure to check the coolant level in the radiator coolant sub-tank before starting work.

(2) OIL PRESS (engine oil pressure) Warning Indicator (Low Oil Press.)

A CAUTION: BURNS

• Always be sure to stop the engine and allow the engine to cool when performing inspection or maintenance of engine oil. Opening the oil gauge or oil filler cap during operation will result in hot oil gushing out.

If the engine oil pressure drops below 0.98 x 100 kPa during operation, the OIL PRESS and ENGINE warning indicators light up, and the engine automatically stops. If this occurs, check the engine oil level and add engine oil until it reaches the maximum level.

< Note >

• This oil pressure warning indicator cannot detect oil deterioration. Change the engine oil periodically. (Refer to section "8-1. Checking Engine Oil".)

(3) BATTERY (Insufficient Charging) Warning Indicator (Low Battery Voltage) The BATTERY warning indicator illuminates when charging is not possible during operation. If this occurs, contact the authorized distributor where the generator was purchased.

< Note >

• This battery charging warning indicator cannot detect battery deterioration or insufficient battery fluid. (Refer to section "8-6. Checking the Battery".)

(4) AIR FILTER (Air Cleaner Clogging) Warning Indicator

The AIR FILTER warning indicator lights up if the air cleaner element becomes clogged during operation. If it lights up, immediately stop the engine and clean or replace the air cleaner element. (Refer to section "10. Inspection/Maintenance (3) Air Filter Element Cleaning/Replacement".)

(5) WATER SEPARATOR (Water Separator Amount) Warning Indicator

The WATER SEPARATOR warning indicator lights up if the liquid stored in the water separator exceeds approximately 100 ml during operation. If it lights up, immediately stop the engine and drain the liquid stored in the water separator.

(Refer to section "10. Inspection/Maintenance (4) Draining Water from the Water Separator".)

5-2. Meters and Gauges

Engine Meters and Gauges

(1) Hour Meter

Displays the operating time. Use this to schedule periodic inspection. Be careful as the hour meter operates when the starter switch is at RUN regardless of whether the engine is running or stopped.

(2) Water Temperature Gauge

Water Temperature Gauge displays the temperature of engine coolant. Normal temperature may vary depending on the environment, but it should be between 75 to 90 °C.

< Note>

• If the temperature exceeds normal value, disconnect the load, idle the engine at 1000min⁻¹, and wait until the reading falls to the normal temperature range.





(3) Fuel Gauge

It shows the volume in the fuel tank. When filled up, it shows [F]. When the hand is approaching to [E], the volume is coming to empty. Replenish fuel enough promptly.

Generator Meters and Gauges

(1) Voltmeter

The voltmeter displays the 3-phase output voltage (voltage between R-T) from the generator.

Check that 400V is displayed at 50Hz and 440V at 60Hz during operation.

*Check that 200V is displayed at 50Hz and 220V at 60Hz during operation if using at the 3-phase 200-V setting.

(2) Ammeter

The ammeter displays the output current (Phase) from the generator. Turn the ammeter selector switch to "R" to display the output current of the 3-phase R phase. Turn the switch to "S" to display the output current of the 3-phase S phase. "T" displays the output current of 3-phase output terminal T.

(3) Frequency Meter

Frequency Meter will display the frequency of the generator. Please check it showing 50Hz or 60Hz during operation.

Lamps

(1) Preheat Lamp

When the starter switch is turned to PREHEAT position, the preheat lamp will be turned on in 10 seconds and it indicates completion of preheating.

(2) Pilot Lamp

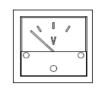
This lights up when the engine is operating to indicate that power is being generated.

(3) Over Load Pre-caution Lamp , and Output Terminal for Lighting of Additional Lamp (Aux Lamp Terminal)

This lamp starts to flash if the output exceeds around 80% of the rated output. Use this generator in a range that does not exceed the rated output while the lamp is flashing. The lamp turns off when the output drops below 80% of the rated output.

This generator is equipped with an Aux Lamp Terminal. DC 12 V is output to the Aux Lamp Terminal at the same time as when the Over Load Precaution Lamp is flashing.

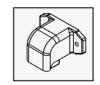














Refer to the circuit drawing below if using the Aux Lamp Terminal for a lamp or similar device with a different setting.

< Note >

- Connect a lamp that is DC12V/2A/24W or less to the Aux Lamp Terminal.
- The pre-caution lamp flashes when more than 80% of the rated output lasts for 20 seconds.

(4) 400/440V output Lamp

This lamp lights up if 400/440V are output from the output terminal and turns off if 200/220V are output. Check the rated voltage of the device being used.

< Note >

• Check that the voltages of the generator output setting, output terminal connection and load power source are consistent.

Switches

(1) Starter Switch

1. Stop

When the switch is set to this position, all power will be off. The switch must be set to this position to remove the key.

2. Run

The switch must be set to this position during operation.

< Note >

•Do not leave the switch to this position, while the engine is stopped. Otherwise the battery is discharged.

3. Preheat

This position is used during cold season, to preheat Glow Plug.

4. Start

This position is to start the engine. When the key is released, the setting will automatically return to <Run> position.

(2) Circuit Breaker

By turning this circuit breaker on the control panel to ON,Power will be transferred to the output receptacles and to the load side.

The breaker trips to OFF, either overload or short-circuit.

(3) Earth Leakage Relay

When current leak occurs, it trips to stop power transmission to load.

< Note >

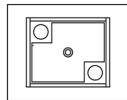
• Do not use this relay as the ON/OFF switch to the load.



	AUX LAMP TERMINAL	AUX LAMP (DC12V/2A/24W)
H - BATTERY	ά. Γ	







14

Voltage Regulator and Throttle Lever

(1) Voltage Regulator

The dial adjusts generator output voltage. By turning the dial clockwise, an operator can increases the voltage. By turning the dial counter-clockwise, an operator can decrease the voltage.

(2) Throttle Lever

The throttle lever is to adjust the engine speed. Set the lever to IDLING position when the engine starts and warms up or cools down. When the rated power is used, set the lever to RUN(50 or 60Hz).

(3)Frequency Adjusting Screw

Set the throttle lever to RUN and loosen the fixing screw nut.

Frequency increases when turning the screw to HIGH, and position the screw to LOW to decrease frequency.

< Note >

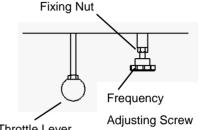
• The equipment is set at 50Hz at delivery from the factory. For the 60Hz areas, change to 60Hz according to the above procedure.

(4)Ammeter Selector Switch

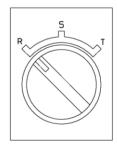
The ammeter selector switch is for selecting the output current displayed in ammeter. Change the switch to display the following output terminal current on the ammeter.

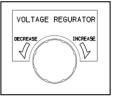
Switch Selection

- O "R" :3-phase R phase
- O "S" :3-phase S phase
- O "T" :3-phase T phase









Throttle Lever

5-3. Fuel Piping Switch (3Way Fuel Valve)

A CAUTION : FIRE

- Always make sure that the engine is stopped when working on piping.
- Always be sure to wipe up any spilled fuel.
- After working on the piping, check that there is no fuel leakage.

Change the 3way fuel valve to switch to supply fuel from the external tank. In that case, the internal fuel tank is not used.

(1) If using the internal fuel tank

The 3way fuel valve is turned to the "A" side when the generator is shipped from the factory.

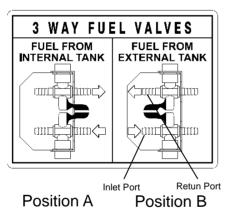
< Note >

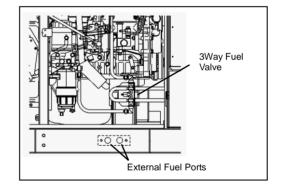
• When disconnecting piping from the external tank, turn the lever to the "A" side, and attach the connecting hose to the external tank fuel inlet/return.

(2) If using an external fuel tank

Connect hoses from the external fuel tank to the external fuel inlet and the external fuel return. Change the lever of the 3way fuel valve to the "B" side to supply fuel from the external tank.

(Refer to "9-5. Connecting with External Fuel Tank" for corresponding procedures.)





6. Transporting/Installing

6-1. Transport Procedures

🛕 WARNING : INJURY 🥻

- Do not lift up the unit using tie down. Use of such could result in the generator falling.
- No persons should be under a lifted generator.

A CAUTION : INJURY

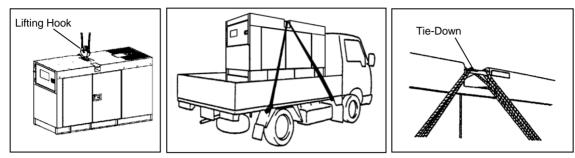
- Always be sure to use lifting hooks when lifting up the generator, and raise it slowly at a completely vertical angle.
- Personnel performing lifting work must wear protective gear such as helmets, safety shoes and gloves.
- Do not move the generator during operation.

(1) Lifting Procedures

Always be sure to use lifting hooks when lifting up the generator, and raise it slowly at a completely vertical angle.

(2) Transport

When transporting this generator, tie rope to the left and right tie downs, and securely fix the generator.



< Note >

• Handle this generator with great care when raising, lowering and transporting. Rough handling of generator can result in damage or malfunction.

6-2. Installation Procedures

🛕 WARNING : SUFFOCATION FROM EXHAUST FUME 📈

- Do not operate the generator in poorly ventilated areas such as indoors or tunnels, as the exhaust gas of the engine contains substances that are harmful to human health.
- Do not direct exhaust fumes at pedestrians or buildings.

A CAUTION : FIRE

- Do not bring flammable items (such as fuel, gas and paint) or items that are highly combustible near the generator as the muffler, exhaust gas and other parts become extremely hot.
- Keep this generator 1m or more from walls or other hindrances, and on a level surface.
- · Remove the wood ties if using anchors to secure the generator
- Do not connect the generator output to indoor wiring.
- If installing this generator, set up barriers or fencing completely around the boundary line of the construction area and take measures to prevent persons not involved in the construction from entering the area.
- Always set the generator on a hard, flat and leveled surface that serves as the foundation.
- Keep the generator 1 m or more from walls or other hindrances so that the operation panel door and left/right check doors are accessible for internal inspection/maintenance.

< Note >

- •This equipment must be operated on hard and flat surface. Operating under any other conditions may result in malfunctions.
- •Do not block the airflow from radiator vent or muffler exhaust. It may result in reduced engine performance, overheating, or damage to the electrical parts.
- •Operating in dusty area or salty air (by the ocean), or any other particulate environment may result in clogged radiator, which may cause overheating, other malfunctions and insulation deterioration. Use extreme care, frequent checks and maintenance.

7. Load Connections

7-1. Load Cable Selection

CAUTION : PROPERTY DAMAGE

- Cable burnout can occur due to generated heat if the load current exceeds the allowable current of the cable.
- The voltage drop between cables is large if the cable is excessively long or thin, resulting in decreased input voltage to equipment using the generator, thereby causing decreased performance, faulty operation and malfunction.

Select cable for use that has sufficient thickness and an allowable current possible for use, giving consideration to the distance from the generator to the equipment using the generator.

< Note >

- Select cable with a thickness that ensures that the voltage drop across the cable will be within 5% of the rated voltage.
- Load Cable Selection Tables

(Ex.) If used voltage is 440V and voltage drops by 22 V.

3-phase: Cabtyre cables

(Unit: AWG)

Length Current	100 ft (30 m) or less	200 ft (61 m)	300 ft (91 m)	400 ft (122 m)	500 ft (152 m)	600 ft (183 m)
20 A	12	12	12	12	12	12
40 A	12	12	12	10	10	8
60 A	12	12	10	8	8	6
70 A	12	10	8	8	6	6
80 A	12	10	8	8	6	6

(Unit: mm²)

Length Current	50 m or less	75 m	100 m	125 m	150 m	200 m
20 A	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
40 A	3.5	3.5	3.5	5.5	5.5	8
60 A	3.5	5.5	5.5	8	8	14
70 A	3.5	5.5	8	8	14	14
80 A	3.5	5.5	8	14	14	14

7-2. Connecting Load Cables

A WARNING : ELECTRIC SHOCK 🥻

- Before connecting or disconnecting the load cables to/from the output terminal, always turn the output circuit breakers to the OFF position, stop the engine, and remove the engine key.
 - The person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.
- Close the output terminal cover before operating.
- Do not insert a pin, wire or other metal object into the electrical outlet.
- Do not touch the generator if the Alternator or casing becomes wet during operation.

A CAUTION : FIRE

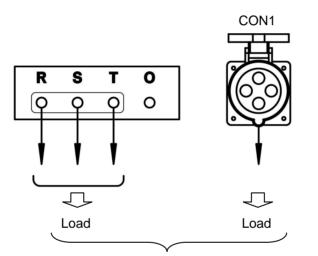
• Do not connect the generator output to indoor wiring.

< Note >

- When connecting a load, check that the generator output setting, output terminal connection position, and load power source are all matching.
- If using the O terminal, be careful that the currents of each phase are uniform.
- When 3-phase output is used simultaneously with a 1-phase output, total current shall not exceed the rated current.
- Use proper tools when connecting a load to sufficiently tighten the connection. Failure to sufficiently tighten the connection will result in cable burnout.

(1) 3-Phase Output Terminal and Receptacle

- For 3-phase load
 - Terminal voltage is 400/440 V [200/220 V] (50/60Hz). * The values in brackets are for when set to 200/220V.



TOTAL 50/60kVA

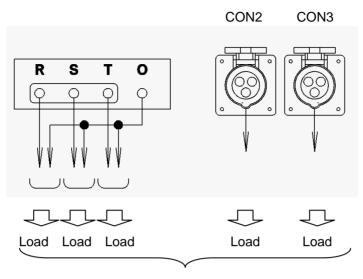
3-phase total output ca	(Unit:kVA)	
3-phase load	Receptacle load	T ()

3-phase load	Receptacle load	Total
R-S-T	CON1	TOLAI
50/60	22.2/23.0	50/60

< Note >

In use the receptacle, please set by the voltage regulator below 415V.

- For 1-phase load
 - Terminal voltage is 230/254 V [115/127 V] (50/60Hz). * The values in brackets are for when set to 200/220V.

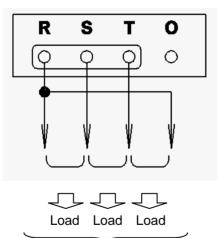


TOTAL 40/48kVA

< Note >

In use the receptacle, please set by the voltage regulator below 240V.

- For 1-phase load
 - Terminal voltage is 400/440 V [200/220 V] (50/60Hz).
 - * The values in brackets are for when set to 200/220V.



TOTAL 40/48kVA

1-phase total output	(Unit:kVA)		
1-phase load	Recepta	acle load	Total
R-O,S-O,T-O	CON2	CON3	TOLAI
16.6/19.9	3.5/3.6	3.5/3.6	40/48

7-3. Earth Leakage Relay and Grounding

WARNING : ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Ground the every grounding terminal to the earth as set in the manual.
- If even one of all is unconnected by mistake or accident, it will be much more dangerous for human than the NO-RELAY case, because leaking current inevitably goes through the body.
- Even though all the bonnets of the loads have been grounded to the earth, the bonnet grounding terminal should be grounded to the earth.
- Grounding should be made after the engine is stopped.
- Whenever the Earth leakage relay is activated, you should always repair the leaking place first of all.

The generator is provided with the earth leakage breaker relay to detect any leakage produced due to such the trouble as insulation failure of the load while the generator is running and to cut off the circuit for protection against any accident such as electrical shock resulting from the trouble. The specification of the earth leakage relay;

Rated Sensitive Current: 30mÅ (or below) (Grounding resistance: 500Ω or below)
Sensitive time: Within 0.1 second.

(1) Grounding Work

The qualified electrician should perform the grounding of the following 3 points (500 Ω or below).

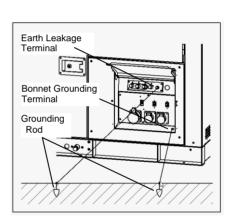
•The Bonnet grounding terminal of the generator.

•The Earth leakage terminal of the generator.

•The Bonnet of the load.

< Note >

• In the event you cannot ground the generator to the earth, consult with the authorized distributor or our engineeringsection.



(2) Operation Check

A WARNING : ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Before turning the circuit breaker to ON position, ensure that the breaker or the switch of loads are positioned to OFF.
 - Operate the circuit breaker, well-communicating with the electrician by the load side.

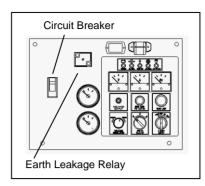
Before operating the generator, check always if the device can work.

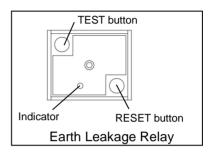
• Actuation test of the Earth Leakage Relay and Breaker

- Ensure that the breaker and the switches of loads are positioned to OFF.
- Ensure that the circuit breaker positioned to OFF.

(Refer to "4-2.Operation Panel")

- Following the procedure in 9-1, Initial Startup / **Pre-Check**,start an engine.
- Turn the circuit breaker to ON.
 - Push the TEST button on Earth Leakage Relay. When the button is pushed, the earth leakage indicator turns ON and circuit breakers are positioned in the middle between ON and OFF positions simultaneously, the device works normally.
- Push the reset button. The earth leakage indicator turns OFF subsequently.



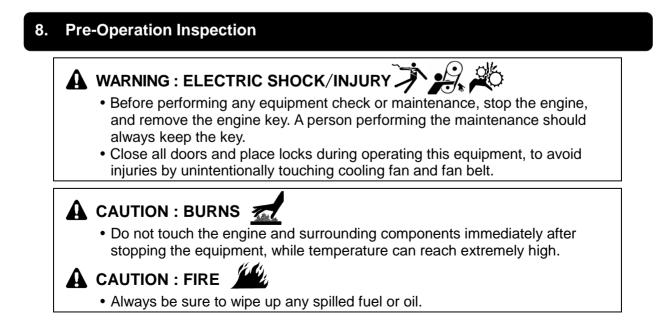


Turn (Push-down) the circuit breaker (lever) to OFF position.

In the event you cannot complete every step of the above procedure to the end, the device is out of order. Consult with our authorized distributor or our engineering section and ask to repair.

(3) Earth leakage Relay has activated

If the earth leakage breaker relay has been activated, the earth leakage indicator turns ON, and the breaker (lever) is tripped and positioned in the middle between ON and OFF. When this occurs, stop the engine and repair the location of earth leakage before restarting operation. (In the case the earth leakage indicating lamp does not turn to ON simultaneously, the cause is Over-Loaded.)

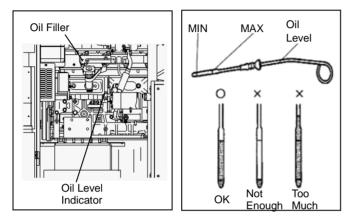


8-1. Checking Engine Oil

To check the engine oil, keep the equipment in leveled position, remove the oil level indicator and wipe so that no oil remains, and then re-insert the dipstick fully. Prior to starting the engine, make sure to fill the engine oil through the oil filler until it reaches the MAX line.

< Note >

- Wait approximately five minutes or more after stopping the engine or adding oil before checking the oil level again.
- An accurate oil level reading cannot be obtained if the generator is not placed in leveled position.
- Do not overfill with oil to avoid engine damage.



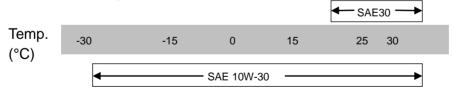
(1) Types of Engine Oil

Use only API service-type CD class or better.

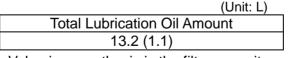
(2) Engine Oil Viscosity

Use a diesel engine oil with an appropriate viscosity corresponding to the ambient temperature (refer to the table).

○ Relation of Viscosity/Temperature



(3) Engine Oil Replacement Amount



Value in parenthesis is the filter capacity.

8-2. Checking Coolant



- Do not open the radiator cap immediately after stopping the engine. Do so will result in steam gushing out.
- Hot steam gushes out from the coolant sub-tank if the generator overheats. Do not touch the coolant subtank.

Check that the subtank coolant level is in between FULL and LOW. If the subtank coolant is lower than the LOW level, add coolant to the subtank and radiator.

(1) Filling the Sub-Tank

- Remove the sub-tank cap.
- Fill the sub-tank with coolant until it reaches the FULL line.
- √3 Re-attach the cap.

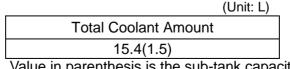
(2) Filling the Radiator

- Remove the radiator plate.
- Γ_2 , Remove the radiator cap.
- Fill with coolant through the filler neck until the radiator is full.
- $\sqrt{4}$ Re-attach and tighten the radiator cap.
- Attach the radiator plate. ر 5 *ا*

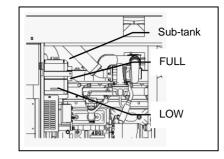
< Note >

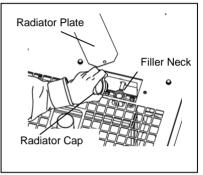
- Be sure to only use long life coolant (LLC) for the aluminum radiator. The coolant should be mixed with good quality softened tap water, and contain anti-freezing and anti-rust components.
- The LLC mix ratio is 30% liquid and 70% water when shipped from the factory. (Isuzu Genuine LLC: Besco LLC Super-Type E)
- Be sure to use the same LLC in the sub-tank.
- The mix ratio should be changed according to the ambient temperature but should remain between 30 and 50%.
- Do not increase the LLC mixture ratio unless necessary. Doing so could result in overheating or another fault/malfunction.
- When replenishing LLC, be sure to use the same brand as the LLC remaining in the radiator and sub-tank.
- Never use an LLC mixture of two different brands.
- Be sure to completely change every two years or 1,000 hours or less.
- LLC is a toxic substance. Wear rubber gloves and other protective wear when handling.
- If someone mistakenly ingests LLC, induce vomiting immediately and seek medical care.
- If LLC gets on skin or clothing, wash with water immediately.
- LLC is flammable. Store in a location where flame is prohibited and it cannot be accessed by children.
- Engine coolant could leak if the radiator is not completely tightened or there is a gap in the seating face. Always be sure to securely tighten the radiator cap.
- Do not add engine coolant past the FULL level line of the coolant sub-tank.

(3) Coolant Amount



Value in parenthesis is the sub-tank capacity.





8-3. Checking the Fan Belt

(1) Fan Belt Tension

Press your finger against the middle of the fan belt. (approx. 98N) If the slack is 8-12mm, the tension is normal.

(2) Fan Belt Condition

Check the fan belt for damage and replace if any damage or other fault is found.

(3) Fan Belt Adjustment

Loosen the alternator installation bolts, pull the alternator out and adjust the fan belt tension.

- $\overline{2}$ Securely tighten the alternator installation bolts.
- $\sqrt{3}$ Check that the fan belt tension is correct.

(4) Replacing the Fan Belt

Request the authorized distributor where the generator was purchased to replace the fan elt.

< Note >

- Use of a loose or damaged fan belt could result in overheating or insufficient charging.
- Do not operate the generator if fan guard has been removed.

8-4. Checking the Fuel

A CAUTION : FIRE

• This generator uses diesel fuel. Always be sure to stop the engine and not bring flames close when inspecting fuel or refueling. Wait until the engine has cooled before performing such procedures.

Check if there is a sufficient amount of fuel and add fuel if insufficient. The fuel meter on the control panel will only display the fuel level for the internal fuel tank.

< Note >

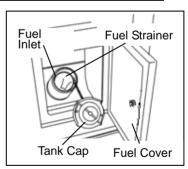
- Use Diesel fuel, ASTM D975 No.2-D in the event ambient temperature reaches down to -5 °C.
- The fuel supply pump, injectors and other parts of the fuel system and engine can be damaged if any fuel or fuel additives are used other than those specifically recommended by the engine manufacturer.
- Always use the Diesel Fuel Strainer.

A CAUTION : FIRE

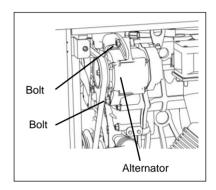
• Fill the fuel tank slightly less than the FULL tank level.

8-5. Checking for Fuel, Oil and Coolant Leaks

• If fuel or oil is leaking, repair the leaking location before operating.



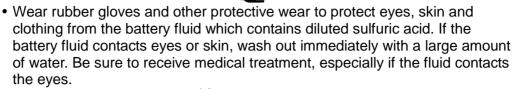
Slack	
	(98N)



Open the check door and check for fuel, oil and coolant leakage from fuel piping connections and similar locations.

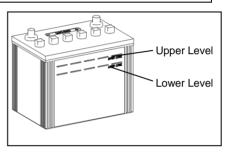
8-6. Checking the Battery

A CAUTION : EYE/SKIN INJURY



A CAUTION : EXPLOSION

- Never use or recharge the battery if the fluid level is below the minimum level.
- Do not create sparks or bring flame near the battery as it generates flammable gas.
- Check the fluid level, and add distilled water when it is near the lower level until it reaches the upper level.
- Check the terminals for looseness and tighten if loose.

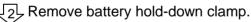


< Note >

• It is necessary to recharge the battery when the specific gravity of the battery fluid is 1.23 or less. Request the authorized distributor where the generator was purchased to recharge the battery.

Replacing the Battery

Remove the battery negative (-) cable. (Always be sure to remove the negative (-) side first.)



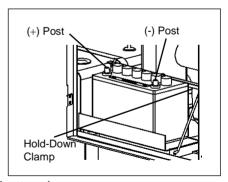
- Remove the battery positive (+) cable.
- Remove the battery.
 - * Install the battery by performing the above procedures in the reverse order.
 (First connect the positive (+) cable of the replaced battery.)

9. Operating Procedures

9-1. Initial Startup/Pre-Check

🛦 WARNING : EXHAUST GAS POISONING 💑

- Do not operate the generator in poorly ventilated areas such as an indoors or tunnels, as the exhaust gas of the engine contains substances that are harmful to human health.
- Do not direct exhaust fumes at bystanders or buildings.



A WARNING : INJURY

- Always be sure to check that the breaker on load side and switches for any equipment using the generator are at OFF before turning the breaker to ON. Also be sure to advise personnel on the load side that power will be turned on before operating the breaker.
- Close all doors and lock them during operation.

A CAUTION : FIRE

- Do not bring flammable items (such as fuel, gas and paint) or items that are highly combustible near the generator as the muffler, exhaust gas and other parts become extremely hot.
- Position this generator 1 m or more from walls or other hindrances, and on a level surface.

CAUTION : INJURY

- Do not operate the generator if it has been modified or any parts have been removed.
- Position the generator on a level stable surface so that it cannot slide or move in any manner.
- Before starting operation, always be sure to turn off all switches of equipment being used and breaker to OFF.

< Note >

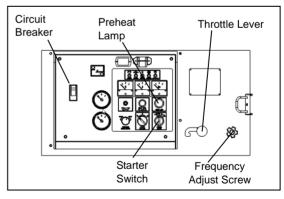
- Check that the surrounding area is safe before starting the engine.
- When there are multiple workers who are working together, they must mutually signal each other before starting the engine.
- Do not use in an area with high temperature or humidity, or an area with a large amount of dust.
- Do not open any doors during operation. Operating with door open can negatively affect cooling effect, resulting in an equipment malfunction.
- Use ear protection if the level of noise is high. Failure to do so could result in hearing damage.
- Please be careful about a strong wind and the opening and shutting of the door at the sloping place enough. A door is open suddenly and is closed, and a finger might be sandwiched.

Turn the circuit breaker on the operation panel to OFF position.

Set the throttle lever to IDLING.

Turn the starter switch to START position, and start the engine.

In cold environment, turn the starter switch to PREHEAT position, wait until the preheat lamp comes on, and start the engine.



< Note >

- The preheat lamp will be turned on in 10 seconds and it indicates completion of preheating.
- Do not continuously operate the starter motor for 10 sec. or more.
- If repeating starter switch operation, wait 30 sec. or more between re-starting.
- Be aware that smoke might be generated when the engine is started.

44 After starting the engine, remove your hand from the starter switch.

 $\sqrt{5}$ Let engine idles for approximately for five minutes.

 $\sqrt{6}$ Set the throttle lever to RUN and adjust frequency with the frequency adjust screw.

Rated frequency	No-load frequency
50Hz(1500min ⁻¹)	52.5Hz(1575min ⁻¹)
60Hz(1800min ⁻¹)	63.0Hz(1890min ⁻¹)

 $\sqrt{7}$ Adjust the voltage regulator dial to the specified voltage.

50Hz Operation	400V [200V]
60Hz Operation	440V [220V]

* The values in brackets are for when set to 200/220V.

 $\sqrt{8}$ Turn the breaker to ON to start AC power delivery.

9-2. Procedures during Operation

(1) Checks after Startup

- Make sure that all meters and indicators are in normal status. (Refer to section "5. Equipment".)
- Check that there is no abnormal vibration or noise.
- Check that the exhaust gas color is normal. When operation is normal, the exhaust gas should be colorless or slightly bluish.

< Note >

• If abnormal, stop using this generator and request authorized distributor where the generator was purchased to repair the generator.

(2) Adjustment during Operation

During load operation, check the voltmeter and finely adjust voltage using the voltage regulator dial.

Bleeding air from the fuel system when the engine stops due to running out of fuel This generator is equipped with an automatic air bleeding mechanism. Perform the following procedures when the engine stops due to running out of fuel to easily bleed the air from the system.

 $\sqrt{1}$ Add fuel to the generator.

 $\sqrt{2}$ Turn the starter switch to RUN. Air bleeding is completed approximately in 2 minutes.

< Note >

• Set the throttle lever to IDLING, start the engine and check that the air is completely bled from the system. If air bleeding is not complete, engine rotation will not be stable. In that case, repeat the air bleeding operation.

9-3. Stopping Operation

A CAUTION : BURNS

• Do not touch the engine and surrounding components immediately after stopping the engine as they are still hot.

 $\sqrt{1}$ Turn the switches and breakers on the load side to OFF.

Turn the circuit breaker on the operation panel to OFF.

Set the throttle lever to IDLING.

The engine cools down for approximately 3 minutes.

 \int_{5} Turn the starter switch to STOP.

9-4. Protective Functions

🛦 WARNING : INJURY 🎉 🅰

- Do not open the check door during operation. Be careful of pinching or catching of moving parts such as the cooling fan and fan belt.
- Always be sure to stop the engine and remove the engine key when performing inspection or maintenance.

A CAUTION : BURNS



- Do not touch the engine and surrounding components immediately after stopping the engine as they are still hot.
- Hot steam gushes out from the coolant subtank if the generator overheats. Do not touch the coolant subtank.

This generator is equipped with functions to automatically stop operation when there is a fault/malfunction during operation, and one to warn the operator of the fault location by use of indicator lamps. Check the fault location when the engine is automatically stopped or an indicator lamp lights up to stop the engine.

Protection Feature List

No.	Abnorr	Action	Earth Leakage Relay Active	Breaker Trip	Engine Automatic Shutdown	Warning Indicator Flash	Cause
1		High Water Temperature	_	_	0	0	Activates due to high water temperature in the engine Default 105°C
2	du	Low Oil Pressure	-	_	0	0	Activate due to low oil pressure in the engine Default 0.98×100 kPa
3	Monitor Lamp	Battery Charge Insufficient	_	_	-	0	Activates in battery charge Impossible
4	Mo	Air Filter Clogging Up	_	_	_	0	The element is clogged making it necessary to clean or replace the element.
5		Water Separator Fluid Level	-	_	_	0	When the water separator is full of water.
6	6 Current Leakage		0	0	_	-	Activates in current leakage
7	7 Overload		-	0	-	0	Activates in overload Flashes when at approx. 80% of rated output. Load rejection when the rated output is exceeded.

 * \bigcirc indicates the automatic activation.

9-5. Connecting with External Fuel Tank

A CAUTION : FIRE

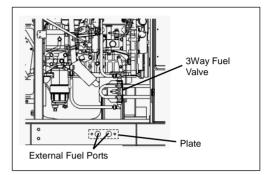
- Always make sure that the engine is stopped when working on piping.
- Always be sure to wipe up any spilled fuel.
- After working on the piping, check that there is no fuel leakage.

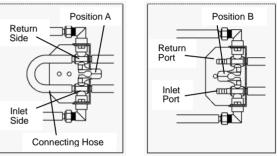
Turn the 3way fuel valve lever to the "A" side. (Position for using the internal tank.)

- Remove the connecting hose from the 3way fuel valve.
- Remove the plate.
 - Pass the fuel hose from the external tank through the external fuel ports and connect to the external tank fuel inlet/return of the 3way fuel valve.
- Turn the 3way fuel value lever to the "B" side.

(Position for using the external tank.)

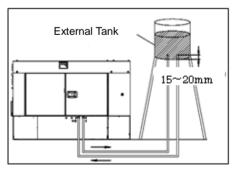
Bleed air from the external tank connecting hose. Fuel can be supplied from the external tank after completing the above procedures.



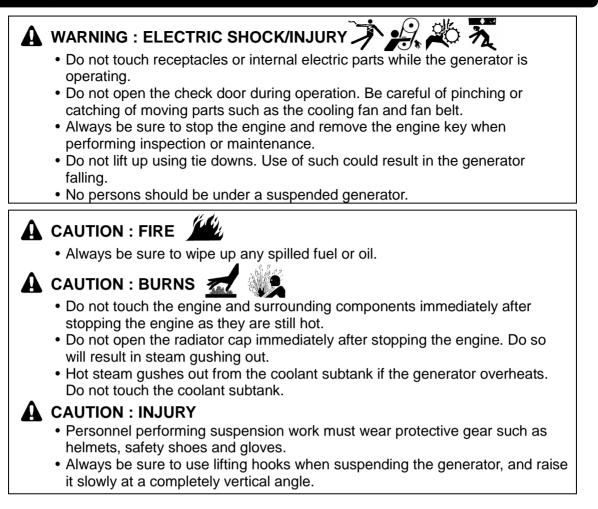


< Note >

- Protect the piping connecting the external fuel tank and this generator with corrugate tubing or similar in order to prevent interference between the generator internal parts and the external fuel ports.
- If using a hose for the piping, use oil-resistant hose with an internal diameter of 8 to 9 mm.
- Set the fuel level of the external fuel tank from 0 to 3 m from the underside of this generator. The fuel level of the external fuel tank being lower than this generator will result in poor engine operation or stoppage.
- Turn the 3way fuel valve lever to the "A" side in order to prevent fuel from flowing out from the external tank fuel inlet/return.
- Turn the lever completely as far as possible. If the lever is not completely pressed to either side, it might not be possible to supply fuel causing the engine to stop.
- Set the supply side so that it is 15 to 20 mm above the underside of the tank in order to prevent foreign material or water from being suctioned from inside the external fuel tank.



- Set the external fuel tank return side at the same height as the supply side in order to prevent poor engine operation due to air mixed in with the fuel.
- Refer to section "9-2 Procedures during Operation" for air bleeding.
- Some air may remain in hoses or pipes immediately after connecting the external fuel tank resulting in unstable engine speed and engine stoppage.
- Do not leave the generator unattended for unmanned operation until you have confirmed that the engine speed is stable.



Perform periodic inspection and maintenance according to the following table in order to constantly maintain this generator in good working condition. Use the hour meter as a reference for the operating time.

< Note >

- All procedures except for pre-operation inspection should be performed by specialized technicians.
- Request authorized distributor where the generator was purchased to perform the procedures in the table with a "●".
- Always be sure to use genuine parts or those indicated specifically for replacement parts.
- Use a container to catch fluid bled from this generator that is large enough to prevent the fluid from spilling on the ground.
 Dispose of oil, fuel, coolant (LLC), filter, battery and other hazardous materials according to laws and regulations concerning industrial waste.

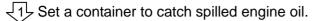
Contact authorized distributor where the generator was purchased if you have any inquiries regarding proper disposal.

- When check doors are open during maintenance, take measures so that unrelated personnel cannot accidentally come close to the generator. Close all doors and covers if you are going to be away from this generator.
- Please be careful about a strong wind and the opening and shutting of the door at the sloping place enough. When door is opened or closed suddenly, a finger might be sandwiched.

	Description	Daily	Every 100 hrs	Every 200 hrs	Every 400 hrs	Every 500 hrs	Every 800 hrs	Every 1,000 hrs	Every 1,500 hrs
	Each parts (Clean/Tightening)	0							
	Engine oil (Check/Add)	0							
	Engine oil (Replace)	0 1 st time at 50 hrs		0					
	Oil filter (Replace)	0 1 st time at 50 hrs			0				
	Coolant (Check/Add)	0							
	Coolant (Replace/ Radiator Flush)							0	
	Exhaust color (Check)	0							
	Water separator (Check/Drain excess water and sediments)	0		⊖ (Drain)					
Engine	Water separator /element (Replace)					0			
ш	Fuel filter/element (Clean/Replace)			⊖ (Clean)		⊖ (Replace)			
	Fuel tank (Drain water)			0					
	Fuel tank (Clean)					•			
	Check for leaks (Fuel/Oil/Coolant)	0							
	Fuel/Cooling Water/Oil Hoses and Anti-Vibration Rubber (Replace)							•	
	Air cleaner element (Clean/Replace)			⊖ (Clean)		O (Replace)			
	Battery fluid level (Check/Add)	0		(0.00.0)		(
	Battery gravity (Check)	0							
	Fan belt tension (Check)	0							
	Fan belt (Replace)					•			
	Radiator and fins (Clean)					•			
Ō	Valve clearance (Check/Adjust)							•	
Engine	Fuel injector (Check)								•
	Elimination of carbon in the exhaust pipe line and muffler			0					
Generator	Indicators, Gauges Alarms (Check)	0							
	Operation check of Earth Leakage Relay	0							
Ge	Grounding resistance check	0							
	Insulation test			0					

(1) Engine Oil Replacement

First Time	50 hours
Thereafter	Every 200 hours



2 Remove the oil filler cap.

[3], After removing the oil drain plug and packing, open the oil drain faucet and drain the engine oil.

A fter the oil has been drained, close the oil drainfaucet and reinsert the oil drain plug with

packing.

- Add oil through the oil filler until it is at the maximum level while checking the oil level using the oil level indicator.
- 464 Attach the oil filler cap.

< Note >

- Refer to section "8-1. Checking Engine Oil" for engine oil replacement amounts and types.
- After reinserting the oil drain plug and shortly after starting the engine, be sure to always check that there is no oil leakage.

(2) Replacing the Oil Filter

First Time	50 hours
Thereafter	Every 400 hours

- J → Drain the engine oil. (Refer to section "(1) Engine Oil Replacement".)

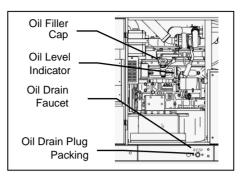
Remove the drain plug at the bottom of the oil filter and drain the oil in the oil filter.

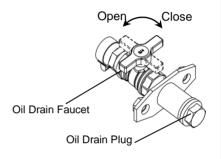
- Remove the oil filter using a filter wrench.
- Spread a thin layer of oil on a new oil filter gasket.
- $\sqrt{5}$ Thread the oil filter by hand until the gasket contacts the seal surface. (Do not use a filter wrench.) Tighten it by 2/3 turn using the filter wrench.
- Add engine oil to the generator. ا ک

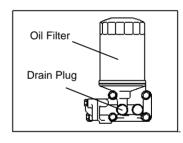
Shortly after starting the engine, always be sure to check that there is no oil leaking 57 from the seal surface.

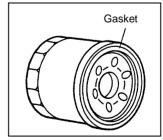
< Note >

- Request the authorized distributor where the generator was purchased to perform this procedure if you do not have a filter wrench.
- Oil filter part no.: 8943212191(ISUZU part no.)









(3) Air Filter Element Cleaning/Replacement

Clean	200 hours
Replace	Every 500 hours

- $\sqrt{1}$ Remove the air cleaner clips and cleaner cap.
 - 2 Remove the element.
- Clean or replace the element. Replace by

performing the above procedures in reverse order.

< Note >

- Always be sure to turn the cleaner cap in the direction indicated by the arrow.
- Replace the elements earlier if using in an excessively dusty location.
- Do not add oil as this generator uses a dry element.
- Clear foreign material by pinching the vacuator valve once a week in normal operating conditions
 or daily if operating in a location that is excessively dirty or dusty. Wipe away any dirt or moisture
 that has adhered to the parts.
- Never touch the elements for any reason except cleaning.
- Element part no.: P828889 (ISUZU part no.)
- Cleaning the air filter element If dry dust is adhering : Blow compressed air from inside the element. If carbon or oil is adhering : Replace with new parts.

(4) Draining Water from the Water Separator

Check	Daily
Clean	Every 200 hours

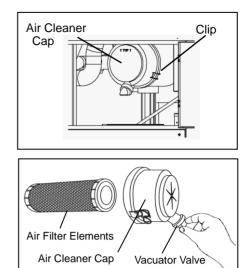
- 1 Set a container to catch spilled water.
- 2 Loosen the air bleeder plug of the fuel filter sufficiently.
- $[_{3}]_{\mathcal{F}}$ Loosen the faucet on the bottom to drain water.
- \int_{4} Tighten the faucet after drained the water.
 - Faucet tightening torque :

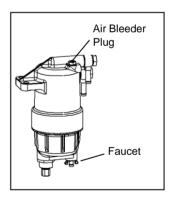
1.5 to 2.5N·m(0.15 to 0.25kgf·m)

- $\sqrt{5}$ Tighten the air-bleeding plug.
 - Air bleeding plug tightening torque :
 - 8 to 12N·m(0.8 to 1.2kgf·m)

< Note >

- After reset the plug and the faucet, be sure to always start the engine and check that there is no fuel leakage.
- If water is accumulate in the cup, draining water from the fuel tank.(Refer to section "(7) Draining Water from the Fuel Tank".)
- Be careful not to over-tighten the drain plug and air bleeder plug.
- · Always be sure to wipe up any spilled fuel.





(5)Fuel Filter Replacement (Water Separator)

Replace Every 500 hours

- $\sqrt{1}$ Set a container to catch spilled fuel.
- 2 Loosen the air bleeder plug of the fuel filter sufficiently.
- 3 Loosen the faucet on the bottom to drain the fuel.
- Remove the outer case of the filter using the specified filter wrench.
- 5 Remove the fuel filter element.
- 6 Install the new fuel filter element.
- Replace the O-ring of the outer case.
- B Spread a thin layer of fuel on a new O-ring.
- Thread the outer case by hand, (do not use a filter wrench) and it in until the O-ring contacts the seal surface, and then tighten it using the special filter wrench.

Tighten the drain plug on the bottom and the air-bleeding plug.

- Drain plug tightening torque :
 - 1.5 to 2.5N·m(0.15 to 0.25kgf·m)

Air-bleeding plug tightening torque :

- 8 to 12N ⋅ m(0.8 to 1.2kgf ⋅ m)
- Outer case tightening torque :
 - 18 to 22N ⋅ m(1.8 to 2.2kgf ⋅ m)

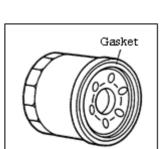
< Note >

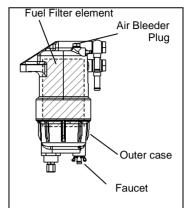
- When attaching the outer case, check that there is no foreign material adhering to the O-ring.
- Be careful not to over-tighten the drain plug and air bleeder plug.
- After attaching, be sure to always start the engine and check that there is no fuel leakage.
- Always be sure to wipe up any spilled fuel.
- If water is accumulate in the cup, draining water from the fuel tank and the water separator.
- Filter element (Including O-ring) part no.: G260-000120
- Filter Wrench part no.: X602-000450
- After replacing the filter, always air out the fuel system. (Refer to section "9-2. Procedures during Operation".)

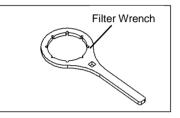
(6) Fuel Filter Replacement (Main Filter)

Replace Every 500 hours

- $\sqrt{1}$ Remove the fuel filter using a filter wrench.
- [2], Spread a thin layer of oil on a new fuel filter gasket.
- Thread the oil filter by hand until the gasket contacts the seal surface. (Do not use a filter wrench) Tighten it by 2/3 turn using filter wrench.
- Shortly after starting the engine, always be sure to check that there is no fuel leaking from the seal surface.







< Note >

- When attaching the cup, check that there is no foreign material adhering to the O-ring.
- Be sure to wipe away any fuel that has spilled out of the piping when removing the filter.
- Fuel filter element part no.:8980366540 (ISUZU part no.)

(7) Draining Water from the Fuel Tank

Drain Water Every 200 hours

- $\sqrt{1}$ Set a container to catch spilled water.
- Remove the fuel drain plug and packing (with rubber seal).
- After the water has been drained, reinsert the fuel drain plug with new packing (with rubber seal).

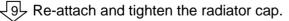
< Note >

- Replace the packing of the fuel drain plug with new packing each time the water is drained.
- Packing part no.: V106-000110
- After reinserting the fuel drain plug, be sure to always check that there is no fuel leakage.

(8) Coolant Replacement

Replace Every 2year or Every 1000 hours

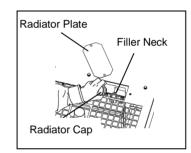
- Set a container to catch spilled coolant.
- 2 Remove the radiator plate.
- Remove the radiator cap.
- Loosen the drain cock of the radiator and the drain plug of the engine.
- After the coolant has been drained, reinsert the coolant drain plug with new packing.
- Remove the subtank and flush the coolant from the subtank.
- Reattach the subtank to its original position and fill with coolant until it reaches the FULL level.
- Fill the radiator with coolant until it reaches the filler neck.

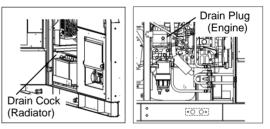


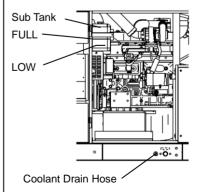
Attach the radiator plate.

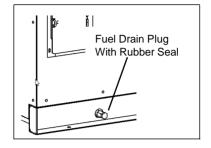
< Note >

- Refer to section "8-2. Checking Coolant" for coolant information.
- After reinserting the coolant drain plug and shortly after starting the engine, be sure to always check that there is no coolant leakage.

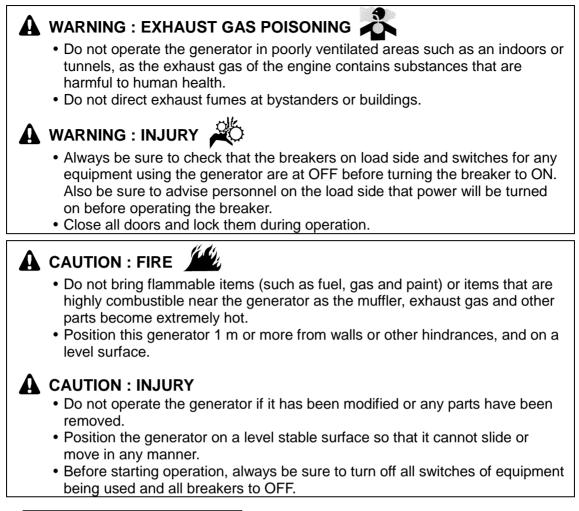








(9) Elimination of carbon in the exhaust pipe line and muffler



Clean Every 200 hours

The carbon will be easier to be accumulated when the unit runs at less than 30% of rated output. Accumulation of carbon (soot, unburned fuel) in the exhaust system could cause only a system decrease or an engine fault occurs. To eliminate soot and unburned fuel, run the unit at more than 70% of the rated output for about half an hour, until the exhaust gas become mostly colorless.

< Note >

 When the unit runs at rated power suddenly, accumulation of carbon in the exhaust system might cause back fire incident. Operate the generator starting from 50% of the rated output and then increase load gradually after confirming exhaust gas become colorless. Do not carry flammable items that are highly combustible near the generator.

11. Long-Term Storage

🛕 WARNING : INJURY 🕰

• Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

A CAUTION : FIRE

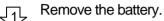
- Always be sure to wipe up any spilled fuel or oil.
- Allow the generator to cool before covering with the protective cover.

A CAUTION : BURNS

• Do not touch the engine and surrounding components immediately after stopping the equipment, while temperature can reach extremely high.

(1) Storage Procedures

Perform the following maintenance procedures before storing this generator if it is not going to be used for two months or more.



(Refer to section "8-6. Checking the Battery Replacing the Battery".)

- Replace the engine oil. (Refer to section "**10. Inspection/Maintenance (1) Engine Oil Replacement**".)

(Refer to section "10. Inspection/Maintenance (4)Draining Water from the Water Separator".)

(Refer to section "10. Inspection/Maintenance (7) Draining Water from the Fuel Tank".)

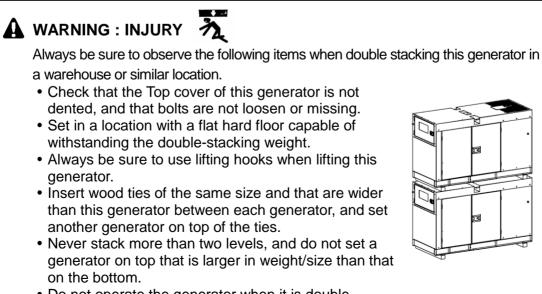
Remove the starter key and store in a secure location.

Clean up all generator components, and store in a dry and dust-free location. Also cover when storing so that rain cannot enter through the suction or exhaust ports.

< Note >

• Adjust the fluid of the removed battery to the appropriate level and recharge approximately every month.

(2) Double-Stacking Procedures



• Do not operate the generator when it is double stacked.

12. Troubleshooting

A WARNING : ELECTRIC SHOCK/INJURY 🥻 🦗

- Do not touch output terminals or internal electric parts while the generator is operating.
- Close all doors and place locks during operating this equipment, to avoid injuries by unintentionally touching cooling fan and fan belt.
- Before performing any equipment check or maintenance, stop the engine, and remove the engine key. A person performing the maintenance should always keep the key.

A CAUTION : FIRE

• Never allow flame to come close to the generator.

A CAUTION : BURNS

• Do not touch the engine and muffler after stopping the engine while temperature can reach extremely high.

Inspect this generator when operation is poor to determine the fault/malfunction. Request the authorized distributor where the generator was purchased to perform maintenance if you cannot find any faults/malfunctions during inspection.

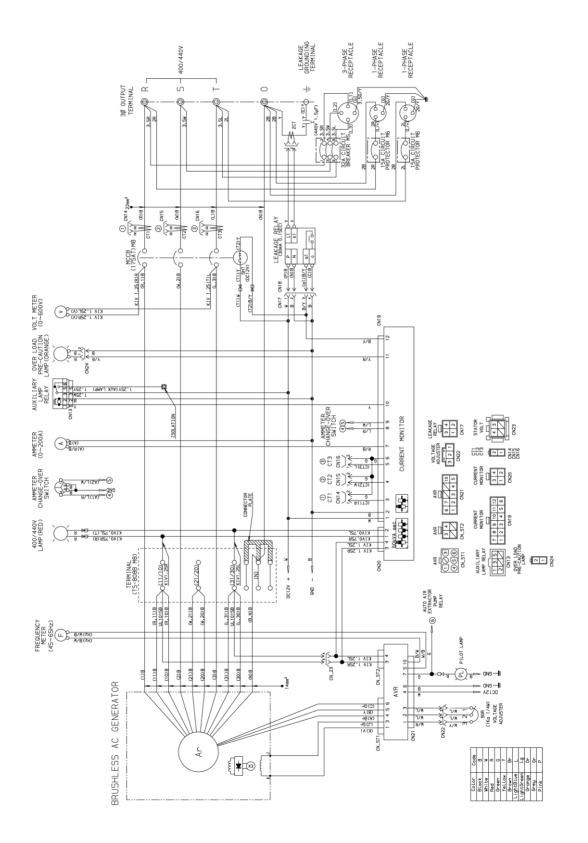
	Problem	Suspected cause	Action
	Starter motor does not drive	1. Battery output is weak	1. Check / battery liquid/ or Charge
	or speed is	2. Battery is deteriorated	2. Change battery
	low.	3. Battery terminal is OFF or loose	3. Fix / Tighten terminal
		4. Battery terminal is corroded	4. Clean terminal
		5. Starter switch or relay is defective	5. Ask our distributor to repair
ť		6. Starter motor is defective	6. Ask our distributor to repair
not start			
	Starter motor	1. Fuel is insufficient	1. Add fuel
e do	drives but	2. Fuel filter is clogged	2. Clean/Change fuel filter
Engine does	engine does	3. Water is interfused in fuel line	3. Drain water in water
ш	not start		separator, fuel filter or fuel tank
		4. Air is interfused in fuel line	4. Extract the air
		5. Poor piping connection to external fuel	5. Check piping connection
		tank	5. Check piping connection
		 Fuel tank selector lever (3-way valve) position is wrong 	6. Check lever (3-way valve)

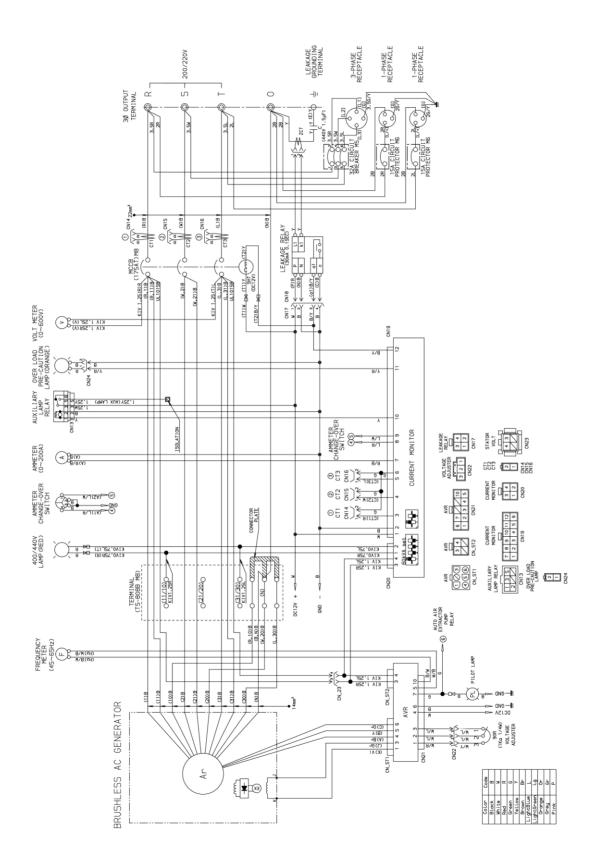
	Problem	Suspected cause	Action
Engine does not start	Starter motor drives but engine does not start	7. Fuel cut solenoid (motor) does not work8. Fuel pump defective	 7-1. Check/Change fuse 7-2. Check/Change fuel cut Solenoid 8-1. Check/Change fuse
			8-2. Check/Change fuel pump
	<ambient< td=""><td>1. Fuel is frozen</td><td>1. Use winterized fuel</td></ambient<>	1. Fuel is frozen	1. Use winterized fuel
	temperature falls down	 Water in fuel line is frozen Pre-heater is defective 	2. Drain water in fuel line
	below zero>	S. Fie-healer is delective	3. Ask our distributor to repair
Engi	ne starts but	1. Fuel filter is clogged	1. Clean/Change fuel filter
stalls immediately		2. Water is interfused in fuel line	2. Drain water in water separator, fuel filter or fuel tank
		3. Air is interfused in fuel line	3. Extract the air
		4. Poor piping connection to external fuel tank5. Air filter element is clogged	 Check piping connection Check/Change air filter element
		6. Lubricant oil is insufficient	6. Supply lubricant oil
		7. Emergency operation/Fault detection	7. Ask our distributor to repair
	ne oil pressure	1. Lubricant oil is insufficient	1. Supply lubricant oil
is low		2. Oil filter is clogged	2. Change oil filter
		3. Oil Pressure switch is defective	3. Ask our distributor to repair
		4. Wrong oil is used	 Change to proper kind and viscosity oil
Over	rheated	1. Engine thermostat is defective	1. Ask our distributor to repair
		2. Water temp sensor is defective	2. Ask our distributor to repair
		3. Water temp meter is defective	3. Ask our distributor to repair
		4. Fan belt tension is weak	4. Check/Adjust fan belt
		5. Coolant is insufficient	5. Check/Supply coolant
Black	k smoke comes	6.Radiator core is clogged 1. Air filter element is clogged	 6. Clean radiator core 1. Check/Change air filter
out from muffler			element
		2. Fuel injection nozzle is defective	2. Ask our distributor to repair
		3. Improper fuel is used	3.Change to clean fuel
Whit	e smoke comes	1. Too much or too little oil to cylinder	1. Ask our distributor to repair
out f	rom muffler	2. Water is interfused in fuel line	2. Drain water in water
			separator, fuel filter or fuel tank
		3. Fuel injection nozzle is defective	3. Ask our distributor to repair
		4. Coolant temperature is too low	4. Warm-up driving is needed
		5. Engine thermostat is defective	5. Ask our distributor to repair

Problem	Suspected cause	Action
Pointer (hand) does	1. Voltage meter is defective	1. Ask our distributor to repair
not move in voltage	2. AVR is defective	2. Ask our distributor to repair
meter	3. Disconnected circuit, loose terminal or departed	3. Ask our distributor to repair
	4. Initial exciter is defective	4. Ask our distributor to repair
	5. Alternator is defective	5. Ask our distributor to repair
	6.AVR protective device operation	6. Replace AVR fuse
Pointer (hand) does	1. Voltage meter is defective	1. Ask our distributor to repair
not goes up to the	2. AVR is defective	2. Ask our distributor to repair
rated voltage	3. Voltage regulator dial is defective	3. Ask our distributor to repair
	4. Frequency is low	4. Ask our distributor to repair
Pointer exceeds the	1. Voltage meter is defective	1. Ask our distributor to repair
rated voltage	2. AVR is defective	2. Ask our distributor to repair
	3. Improper load cable connection	3. Correctly set the connection
		location to the output terminal
The voltage drops	1. AVR is defective	1. Ask our distributor to repair
drastically when	2. Unbalanced loads sharing to each	2. Balance the loads sharing
connecting to load	terminal	to each terminal
	3. The current of the used equipment	3. Change to a device with an
	exceeds the rated current	available capacity
	Loads total exceeds the rated current	
	4. Over load	4. Decrease the loads to meet
		the rated output
	5. AVR protective device operation	5. Replace AVR fuse
	6. Frequency selector is wrong setting	6. Set to properfrequency
Cannot turn the	1. The breaker positions at between	1. Once turning the lever to OFF,
breaker to ON	ON and OFF	turn it to ON
	2. Short circuit on the load	2. Check the load circuit
	3. Earth Leakage Relay operates	3. Repair the earth leakage
		location
The breaker trips to OFF at light load	1. Current monitor setting is not correct.	1. Ask our distributor to repair
The overload	1. Current monitor setting is not correct.	1. Ask our distributor to repair
pre-caution lamp		
flashes at 80% or		
less of the rated		
output.		
The overload	1. Current monitor setting is not correct.	1. Ask our distributor to repair
pre-caution lamp		
does not flashes at		
80% or more of the		
rated output.		

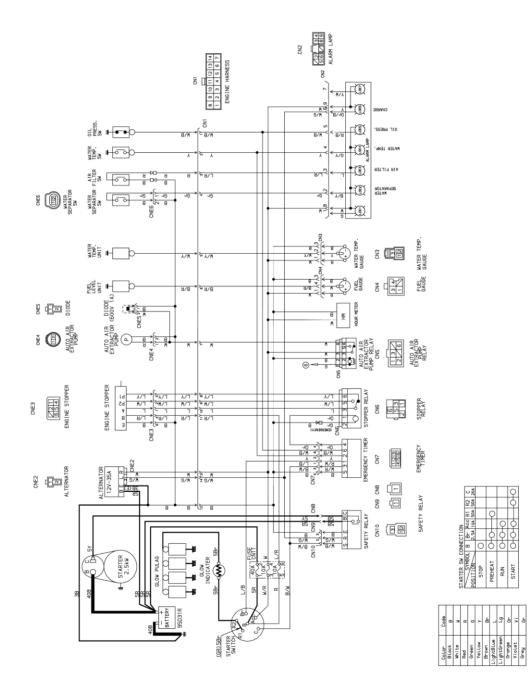
13. Generator Circuit Diagram

(1) 400/440V





14. Engine Electrical Circuit Diagram



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